## 7 Problem Set 7 — Complex plane and other stuff

- 1. Consider the logistic map  $f_{\mu}(z) = \mu z(1-z)$ .
  - (a) Find the region  $\mu \in \mathbb{C}$  such that  $f_{\mu}(z)$  has an attracting fixed point.
  - (b) Find the region  $\mu \in \mathbb{C}$  such that  $f_{\mu}(z)$  has an attracting 2-cycle. It is enough to show that

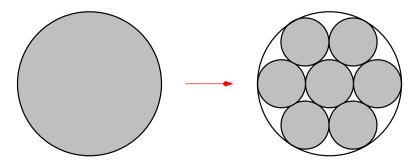
$$|4 + 2\mu - \mu^2| < 1$$

- 2. Consider the quadratic map  $Q_c(z) = z^2 + c$ .
  - (a) Find the slope of  $Q_c$  at the (stable) fixed point (as a function of c).
  - (b) Find the slope of  $Q_c^2$  at the 2-cycle (as a function of c).
  - (c) An approximate renormalisation scheme for the period doubling of  $Q_c$  can be obtained by equating these two slopes. Show that this leads to the relation

$$c_{n-1} = -2 - 6c_n - 4c_n^2$$

where  $c_n$  approximates the location of the stable  $2^{n-1}$ -cycle.

- (d) Show that this leads to an approximation of  $c_{\infty} = -\frac{7+\sqrt{17}}{8}$  the location of transition to chaos.
- (e) Show that this also leads to the approximate feigenvalue,  $\delta = 1 + \sqrt{17}$ .
- 3. Consider the following construction of a fractal "gasket". Start with a circle of radius 1 and remove the region *outside* the 7 circles of radius 1/3. Repeat this procedure for each of the 7 interior circles and so on.



- (a) Give the diameter of the circles at the n-th stage.
- (b) Give the number of circles at the n-th stage.
- (c) Calculate the area of the fractal.
- (d) Calculate the fractal dimension of the object.

4. Completely describe the orbits of the following 2-dimensional system:

$$\mathbf{x}_{n+1} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 3\\ 5 & -1/2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_n$$

(including stable and unstable manifolds).